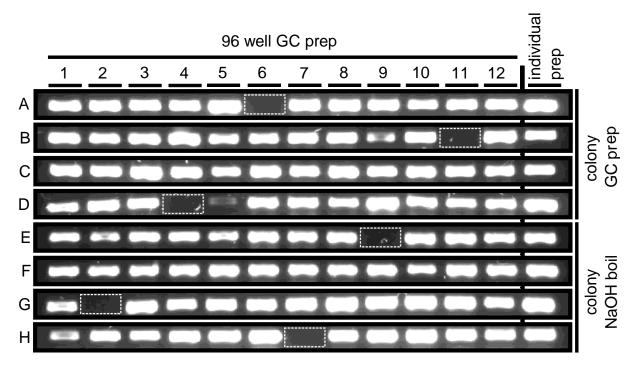
# GC Preps: Fast and Easy Extraction of Stable Yeast Genomic DNA

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## **Supplementary Information**

## **Supplementary Results**



**Supplementary Figure S1.** Scaling GC preps to 96-well format. Bands shown are strong1 amplicons amplified from 96-well colony GC preps, negative control preps and individually prepared colony GC and colony NaOH boil preps. Well coordinate labels correspond to the plate well the gDNA was prepared in and white dashed boxes denote negative control wells not inoculated with a colony.

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## **Supplementary Methods**

#### Phenol Chloroform Isoamyl alcohol (PCI) preparation

From a saturated 5 ml culture of *S. cerevisiae* BY4742, 100  $\mu$ l was pelleted by centrifugation in a 1.5 ml microtube for 2 minutes at 4300 rcf and resuspended in 200  $\mu$ l breaking buffer (50 mM Tris pH8, 100 mM NaCl, 1% SDS, 2% triton X-100, and 1 mM EDTA). To this, a volume of glass beads (G8772, Sigma Aldrich) equal to the resuspended sample and 200  $\mu$ l PCl (25:24:1) was added and cells were vortexed for 10 minutes then centrifuged at 14,100 rcf for 10 min. From the top aqueous layer, 75  $\mu$ l was transferred to a fresh microtube containing 1 ml 100% ethanol. The tube was inverted 5 times and centrifuged at 14,100 rcf for 20 minutes at 4 °C. The supernatant was discarded and the DNA pellet was washed with 500  $\mu$ l 70% ethanol before centrifuging at 14,100 rcf for 5 minutes. The supernatant was removed and the pellet was air-dried before resuspending in 50  $\mu$ l 10 mM Tris (pH 7.4).

#### Lithium Acetate Sodium Dodecyl Sulphate (LiOAc-SDS) preparation

From a saturated 5 ml culture of *S. cerevisiae* BY4742, 100  $\mu$ l was pelleted by centrifugation in a 1.5 ml microtube for 2 minutes at 4300 rcf and resuspended in 100  $\mu$ l of a solution of 200mM LiOAc and 1% SDS. The sample was vortexed briefly and then incubated at 70 °C for 5 minutes. 300  $\mu$ l 96% ethanol was added to the sample before briefly vortexing and centrifuging at 14,100 rcf for 3 minutes. The pellet was washed with 500  $\mu$ l 70% ethanol before centrifuging at 14,100 rcf for 3 minutes. The pellet was resuspend in 100  $\mu$ l deionised water and then centrifuged at 14,100 rcf for 1 minute. The supernatant was transferred to a fresh tube and used as the DNA preparation.

### NaOH colony boil

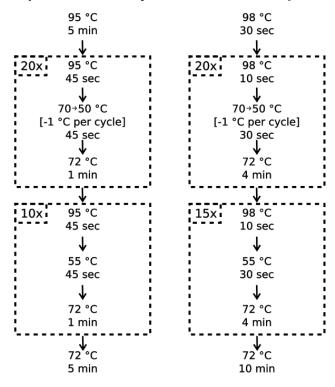
A single BY4742 colony was suspended in 5 μl 20 mM NaOH and incubated at 100 °C for 5 minutes.

#### **PCR** reaction conditions

GoTaq G2 Green 10  $\mu$ l PCR reactions were made up with 5  $\mu$ l 2x GoTaq G2 Green Master Mix (M7823, Promega), 0.2  $\mu$ l gDNA, 1  $\mu$ l of each primer at 5  $\mu$ M stock concentration and 2.8  $\mu$ l deionised water. The touchdown PCR cycle used is shown in Supplementary Fig. S2 and the sequences of primers used are shown in Supplementary Table S1.

Phusion 10  $\mu$ l PCR reactions were made up with 1  $\mu$ l HF Buffer (New England Biolabs), 0.2  $\mu$ l gDNA, 0.2  $\mu$ l 10 mM dNTPs (New England Biolabs), 0.3  $\mu$ l DMSO (New England Biolabs), 1  $\mu$ l of each primer at 5  $\mu$ M stock concentration, 0.2  $\mu$ l Phusion polymerase (2000 units/ml, M0530, New England Biolabs) and 6.2  $\mu$ l deionised water. The Phusion touchdown PCR cycle used is shown in Supplementary Fig. S1. The sequences of primers used are shown in Supplementary Table S1.

GoTaq G2 Green PCR cycles Phusion PCR cycles



Supplementary Figure S2. PCR cycles used in this study.

| Primer Name    | Sequence                     |
|----------------|------------------------------|
| YKL068W_1_WT_F | CTCACCATTTGGGTCGTTAAACTCCTCA |
| YKL068W_1_WT_R | ACTGCCCCCAGCTGATTTTGATTACCA  |
| YKL068W_2_WT_F | CACCTTTTCAAATTCCGCATCAGGAGGT |
| YKL068W_2_WT_R | GGAAGGTACTGTCGTAGAAGCTGTGTTG |
| YKL068W_3_WT_F | AGTTGGTTCAGGGTCGCTGTTTGGC    |
| YKL068W_3_WT_R | GGACCCTTGCTGTTGATTATTTTGGCCA |
| YKL078W_1_WT_F | AGCCAGAAGTGACGTCACATCTCCTGTG |
| YKL077W_1_WT_F | TACGGTCATTGCCGGTGTCACTTTTTCT |
| YKL075C_1_WT_F | TCTTTCCAGTCTTTCTTGGCTAACGGCA |
| YKL074C_2_WT_F | TGATCGACAGGCCAAAACCATAGTGCTA |
| YKL074C_2_WT_R | TTCTCCGGCTTACTACAACATGGCCTCA |
| YKL074C_1_WT_R | CGGTGAGCTTCCGAAAGCGCCAAAA    |
| YKL073W_3_WT_R | TGCAACAGACATCCCTTCACTAACCAGA |
| YKL073W_2_WT_R | AGAGCCTCCCGCCAAAATGACCCCATTT |
| YKL073W_1_WT_R | ATGCTCATGCAAACGCGAACGTTCTGAA |

**Supplementary Table S1.** Sequences of primers used in this study.

| Primer 1       | Primer 2       | Amplicon Length (bp) |
|----------------|----------------|----------------------|
| YKL074C_2_WT_F | YKL074C_2_WT_R | 262                  |
| YKL074C_2_WT_F | YKL074C_1_WT_R | 691                  |
| YKL074C_2_WT_F | YKL073W_3_WT_R | 1721                 |
| YKL074C_2_WT_F | YKL073W_2_WT_R | 2255                 |
| YKL074C_2_WT_F | YKL073W_1_WT_R | 2843                 |
| YKL075C_1_WT_F | YKL073W_1_WT_R | 4797                 |
| YKL077W_1_WT_F | YKL073W_1_WT_R | 6577                 |
| YKL078W_1_WT_F | YKL073W_1_WT_R | 8033                 |

**Supplementary Table S2.** Primer combinations used to produce varied length products by PCR.